Financial Statements of

# **TOWN OF COALHURST**

Year ended December 31, 2017

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### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

Management of The Town of Coalhurst is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity, and integrity of the accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto. Management believes that the financial statements present fairly the Town's financial position as at December 31, 2017 and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise, since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintained a system of internal controls to produce reliable information to meet reporting requirements. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, reliable financial records are maintained, and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

The Town's Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the financial statements. Council fulfills these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors.

The financial statements have been audited by the independent firm of KPMG LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants. Their report to the Members of Council of the Town of Coalhurst, stating the scope of their examination and opinion on the financial statements, follows.

R. K. Hauta

Chief Administrative Officer



KPMG LLP 500 Lethbridge Centre Tower 400 - 4th Avenue South Lethbridge AB T1J 4E1 Canada Tel 403-380-5700 Fax 403-380-5760

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Councilors of the Town of Coalhurst

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Coalhurst, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Coalhurst as at December 31, 2017, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

KPMG LLP

April 17, 2018 Lethbridge, Canada

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Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Financial Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ 8,881,442	\$ 8,302,004
Taxes receivable (note 4)	133,532	125,956
Trade and other receivables	448,784	259,134
	9,463,758	8,687,094
Financial Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,081	11,260
Deferred revenue (note 5)	370,653	294,548
Deposit liabilities	662,055	141,045
Long-term debt (note 6)	4,217,054	4,348,413
Other liabilities	45,782	\$
	5,302,625	4,795,266
Net financial assets	4,161,133	3,891,828
Non-Financial Assets:		
Prepaid expenses	7,429	\$ 6,455
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6)	23,708,188	22,877,888
Inventories	<u> </u>	803,096
	23,715,617	23,687,439
Contingent liability (note 11)		
Accumulated surplus (note 7 and Schedule 3)	\$ 27,876,750	\$ 27,579,267

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

		Budget		2017		2016
Revenue:						
Net municipal property taxes (Schedule 4)	\$	1,850,937	\$	1,807,312	\$	1,692,147
Sales and user fees	•	1,504,791	•	2,547,146	•	1,574,622
Government transfers for operating		.,,		, ,		, .
(Schedule 1)		501,167		141,495		135,343
Investment income		67,000		97,910		74,747
Penalties and cost of taxes		46,000		39,406		47,092
Rentals		43,000		44,491		56,397
Franchise and concession contracts		72,000		87,468		75,156
Licenses and permits		27,000		38,982		29,904
Other		35,225		17,549		34,566
Total revenue		4,147,120		4,821,759		3,719,974
Expenses (Schedule 5):						
Legislative		94,050		72,752		76,237
Administration		590,950		1,385,155		1,413,698
Protective services		324,497		307,219		262,401
Roads, streets, walks and street lighting		657,546		502,342		441,826
Water supply and distribution		463,137		528,475		375,040
Waste water		441,132		377,572		383,500
Waste management		258,100		233,138		207,364
Community support		38,486		26,982		21,155
Municipal planning		395,324		1,164,550		168,904
Recreation and parks		275,911		236,693		223,873
Culture and library		125,300		90,792		91,082
Total expenses		3,664,433		4,925,670		3,665,080
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before the undernoted		482,687		(103,911)	<del></del>	54,894
Other:						
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 1)	<del></del>	80,000		401,394		2,014,150
Excess of revenue over expenses		562,687		297,483		2,069,044
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		27,579,267		27,579,267		25,510,223
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	28,141,954	\$	27,876,750	\$	27,579,267

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	 Budget	 2017	 2016
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 562,687	\$ 297,483	\$ 2,069,044
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Acquisition of prepaid expenses Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Use (acquisition) of inventories	- - - (7,500) - -	(2,205,506) (974) 863,507 108,364 403,335 803,096	(3,671,027) (6,455) 799,340 24,044 450 252,019
Change in net financial assets	 555,187	 269,305	(532,585)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	3,891,828	3,891,828	4,424,413
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 4,447,015	\$ 4,161,133	\$ 3,891,828

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 297,483	\$ 2,069,044
Items not involving cash:	000 507	700.040
Amortization of tangible capital assets	863,507	799,340
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	108,364	24,044
Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities: Taxes receivable	(7,576)	45,059
Trade and other receivables	(189,650)	(53,757)
Prepaid expenses	(109,000)	(6,455)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,179)	5,841
Deposit liabilities	521,010	(13,942)
Deferred revenue	76,105	(989,586)
Other liabilities	45,782	-
Inventories	803,096	252,019
	2,512,968	2,131,607
Comital activities		
Capital activities: Acquisition of tangible capital assets		
- internally funded	(1,990,573)	(3,671,027)
- funded from reserves	(214,933)	(0,071,027)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	403,335	450
1 Toologie of disposal of language capital accord	(1,802,171)	(3,670,577)
	( , , , ,	, , ,
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from long-term debt - capital	•	2,000,000
Principal payment on long-term debt - capital	(55,654)	(53,511)
Principal payment on long-term debt - operating	(75,705)	(17,825)
	(131,359)	1,928,664
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	579,438	389,694
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,302,004	7,912,310
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,881,442	\$ 8,302,004

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Town of Coalhurst (the "Town") are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

### (a) Reporting entity:

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of the municipal operations controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Interdepartmental transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The schedule of taxes levied and net taxes available for Municipal purposes includes requisitions collected on behalf of and transferred to educational and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

### (b) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Tax revenues result from non-exchange transactions that are compulsorily paid to governments in accordance with the laws and regulations established to provide revenue to the government for public services. The revenue is recognized when the tax has been authorized and the taxable event has occurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (c) Pension expense:

The Town participates in a defined benefit multi-employer pension plan covering substantially all of its employees. Pension contributions are accounted for using defined contribution accounting, wherein contributions for current and past service pension benefits are recorded as expenses in the year in which they become due.

### (d) Investments:

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

### (e) Over-levies collections and under-levies:

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

### (f) Government transfers:

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (g) Contaminated sites liability:

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring. No contaminated sites have been identified.

### (h) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations.

### i. Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Assets	Years
Land improvements Buildings Engineered structures Machinery and equipment Vehicles	50 50 45 - 75 5 - 20 10 - 25

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

### ii. Contribution of tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

### iii. Inventories:

Inventories consisting of land and improvements not currently available for resale are recorded as non-financial assets.

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality.

### 2. Recent accounting pronouncements:

The following summarizes the upcoming changes to the Public Sector Accounting Standards by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (PSAB). In 2017, the Town will continue to assess the impact and prepare for the adoption of these standards. While the timing of standard adoption can vary, certain standards must be adopted concurrently.

### (a) PS 1201 - Financial Statement Presentation:

The implementation of this standard requires a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses separate from the statement of operations. This new statement will include the unrealized gains and losses arising from the re-measurement of financial instruments and items denominated in foreign currency. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

### (b) PS 3450 - Financial Instruments:

This section establishes recognition, measurement, and disclosure requirements for derivative and non-derivative instruments. The standard requires fair value measurements of derivative instruments and equity instruments; all other financial instruments can be measured at either cost or fair value depending upon elections made by the government. Unrealized gains and losses will be presented on the new statement of re-measurement gains and losses arising from the adoption of PS 1201. There will also be a requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities. As the Town does not invest in derivatives or equity instruments based on its investment policy, it is anticipated that the adoption of this standard will have a minimal impact on the Town. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 2. Recent accounting pronouncements (continued):

### (c) PS 2601 - Foreign Currency Translation:

This section establishes guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The Section requires monetary assets and liabilities, denominated in a foreign currency and non-monetary items valued at fair value, denominated in a foreign currency to be adjusted to reflect the exchange rates in effect at the financial statement date. The resulting unrealized gains and losses are to be presented in the new statement of re-measurement gains and losses. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

### (d) PS 3041 - Portfolio Investments:

This section removes the distinction between temporary and portfolio investments and provides additional guidance on recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of these types of investments. Upon adoption of this section and PS 3450, PS 3040 - Portfolio Investments will no longer be applicable. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

### 3. Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short term deposits with original maturities of less than three months.

Included in cash is \$2,140,989 (2016 - \$2,198,288) of unexpended debt proceeds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority and \$321,084 (2016 - \$250,255) of restricted grant funding.

### 4. Taxes receivable:

Current Arrears		2017				
	\$	110,128 23,404	\$	87,093 38,863		
	. \$	133,532	\$	125,956		

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 5. Deferred revenue:

	Ва	lance 2016	С	ontributions received	-	Contributions cognized as revenue	Ba	alance 2017
Other operating grants ACP Grant - Shared Industrial	\$	-	\$	10,643	\$	10,643	\$	-
Park Area Structure Summer Temporary		-		175,000		100,000		75,000
Employment Program Municipal Sustainability		-		8,187		8,187		-
Initiative - operating Municipal Sustainability		-		122,665		122,665		•
Initiative - capital	<u> </u>	250,255 250,255	<del></del>	297,223 613,718		301,394 542,889		246,084 321,084
Prepaid tax revenue		44,293		49,569		44,293		49,569
Deferred revenue, end of year	\$	294,548	\$	663,287	\$	587,182	\$	370,653

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 6. Long-term debt:

	2017		2016
Tax supported debentures Self supported debentures	\$ \$ 4,072,295 \$ 144,759		
	\$ 4,217,054	\$	4,348,413

Principal and interest repayments are as follows:

	Principal	 Interest	-	Total
2018	\$ 135,718	\$ 130,868	\$	266,586
2019	140,231	126,355		266,586
2020	144,903	121,683		266,586
2021	149,741	116,845		266,586
2022	155,136	111,552		266,688
Thereafter	3,491,325	1,096,791		4,588,116
	\$ 4,217,054	\$ 1,704,094	\$	5,921,148

Long-term debt is comprised of:

	 2017	 2016
Capital	\$ 1,359,374	\$ 1,415,028
Land acquired for future development	716,691	735,097
Unspent debt proceeds	2,140,989	2,198,288
	\$ 4,217,054	\$ 4,348,413

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Municipal Financing Corporation and bears interest at rates ranging from 2.649% to 5.353% (2016 - 2.649% to 5.353%) per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and matures in 2042. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Coalhurst at large.

Interest on debenture debt amounted to \$135,227 (2016 - \$85,347). The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2017 were \$135,227 (2016 - \$85,347).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 7. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consist of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

		2017		2016
Reserves (i)		5,527,936		6,116,407
Equity in tangible capital asset (ii)	:	22,348,814		21,462,860
	\$ :	27,876,750	\$	27,579,267
(i) Reserves are comprised of funds internally re	estricted as fol	lows:		
		2017		2016
Operating:				
Infrastructure	\$	443,515	\$	550,609
Administration		62,865		79,409
Fire department		705,000		628,889
Emergency measures		8,462		8,413
Equipment		474,381		419,473
Roads		415,215		562,222
Water		571,707		533,643
Sewer		657,969		654,212
Garbage		188,660		157,753
Drainage		95,315		238,943
Recreation		55,532		55,215
Community		43,700		43,450
Community centre		114,862		105,357
Contingency		320,605		517,633
		4,157,788		4,555,221
Capital		1,370,148		1,561,186
	\$	5,527,936	\$	6,116,407
(ii) Equity in tangible capital assets:				
		2017		2016
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6)	¢	35,010,618	\$	33,389,966
Accumulated amortization (Schedule 6)		11,302,430)		(10,512,078)
Long-term debt for capital (note 6)	(	(1,359,374)	,	(1,415,028)
	\$	22,348,814	\$	21,462,860

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 8. Salary and benefits disclosure:

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

			Benefits and	Total	Total
	 Salaries (i)	Al	llowances (ii)	 2017	 2016
Mayor:					
D. Cassie	\$ 16,020	\$	2,138	\$ 18,158	\$ 21,025
Councilors:	·				
H. Caldwell	11,941		2,327	14,268	14,549
M. Slingerland	7,406		134	7,540	13,051
B. Edgecome-Green	11,640		2,265	13,905	13,433
S. Watson	7,614		660	8,274	12,521
R. Lagemaat	3,183		2,267	 5,450	 
	 57,804		9,791	 67,595	 74,579
Designated Officers:					
Chief Administrative Officer	112,211		18,739	130,950	129,644
Assessor	26,687		-	26,687	25,473
	\$ 138,898	\$	18,739	\$ 157,637	\$ 155,117

i) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

ii) Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long-term disability plans, travel allowances and tuition, as eligible.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 9. Debt limits:

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	2017	2016
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 7,232,639 (4,217,054)	\$ 5,579,961 (4,348,413)
Amount of debt limit unused	3,015,585	 1,231,548
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	1,205,440 (266,586)	929,994 (156,684)
Amount of debt servicing unused	\$ 938,854	\$ 773,310

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the Town (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 10. Local Authorities Pension Plan:

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves about 253,862 people and about 417 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% (11.39% in 2016) of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% (15.84% in 2016) on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 10.39% (10.39% in 2016) of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 14.84% (14.84% in 2016) on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2017 were \$83,812 (2016 - \$81,851). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2017 were \$76,971 (2016 - \$75,135).

At December 31, 2016, the LAPP reported an actuarial deficiency of \$637 million.

### 11. Contingent liability:

The Town is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 12. Financial instruments:

The Town as part of its operations carries a number of financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest, or currency risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values.

### Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Town manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The Town has available a Municipal Revolving loan aggregating \$300,000. Amounts drawn on this facility bear interest at prime plus nil%. At December 31, 2017, no amounts were drawn on this facility. At December 31, 2017 prime rate was 3.20% (2016 - 2.70%).

### ii Credit concentration:

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number of diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

### iii Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Town will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Town manages liquidity risk by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows from operations and anticipated investing activities to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions.

### 13. Budget:

The budgeted information presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2017 operating and capital budgets approved by Council on May 30, 2017. Amortization was not contemplated in development of the budget and, as such, has not been included.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

### 14. Segmented disclosure:

Segmented information has been identified based upon lines of service provided by the Town. Town services are provided by departments and their activities are reported by functional area in the body of the financial statements. Certain lines of service that have been separately disclosed in the segments information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

### (a) Utility services:

The utility department is responsible for water supply and distribution services within the Town, as well as wastewater treatment and disposal activities and waste management functions.

### (b) Public works:

The public works department is responsible for the delivery of municipal public works services related to the planning, development and maintenance of roadway systems, streets, walks and lighting.

### (c) Protective services:

The mandate of Protective Services is to provide for the rescue and protection of people and property within the Town through effective and efficient management and coordination of emergency service systems and resources.

### (d) Parks and culture:

Parks and culture includes the operation and maintenance of parks, recreation, and community buildings within the Town.

### (e) General government:

General government includes all functional activities.

Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are allocated to the segments based on the segment's budgeted net expenditure. User charges and other revenue have been allocated to the segments based upon the segment that generated the revenue. Government transfers have been allocated to the segment based upon the purpose for which the transfer was made.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

### 15. Comparative information:

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the presentation used in the current year. The changes do not affect prior year earnings.

### 16. Approval of financial statements:

Council and Management approved these financial statements.

Schedule 1 - Schedule of Government Transfers

The state of the s	 Budget	2017	-	2016
Transfers for operating: Provincial government Federal Government	\$ 501,167 -	\$ 132,852 8,643	\$	135,343 -
1	 501,167	 141,495		135,343
Transfers for capital: Provincial government	80,000	401,394		2,014,150
Total government transfers	\$ 581,167	\$ 542,889	\$	2,149,493

# TOWN OF COALHURST Schedule 2 - Schedule of Segmented Disclosures

Revenue:  Net taxes available for municipal purposes  Sales and user fees  Government transfer for operating  In 414,874  Government income Penalties and cost of taxes  Rentals Franchise and concession contracts  Licenses and permits  Other  Expenses:  Salaries, wages and benefits  Contracted and general services  1,453,874  Contracted and general services		- 198,350 30,000 -	127,562				
es available for municipal purposes and user fees nent income es and cost of taxes ise and concession contracts s and permits s and benefits i, wages and benefits ted and general services		- 30,000 - -	127,562				
nd user fees nent transfer for operating ent income s and cost of taxes te and concession contracts and permits wages and benefits ed and general services		30,000 - -	127,562	1	1.807.312	1.807.312	1.692.147
nent transfer for operating ent income s and cost of taxes se and concession contracts s and permits wages and benefits ed and general services		30,000	, 4	5,423	800,937	2,547,146	1,574,622
s and cost of taxes s and concession contracts s and permits wages and benefits ed and general services		1 1	000,61	22,495	35,000	141,495	135,343
s and cost of taxes se and concession contracts se and permits wages and benefits ed and general services		ı			97,910	97,910	74,747
is and concession contracts s and permits wages and benefits ed and general services			ı	ı	39,406	39,406	47,092
ie and concession contracts s and permits wages and benefits ed and general services			ı	26,191	18,300	44,491	56,397
s and permits  1,4  wages and benefits ed and general services		Ì	ì	1	87,468	87,468	75,156
1,4 wages and benefits		•	10,602	•	28,380	38,982	29,904
1,4 wages and benefits ed and general services		1	15,376	2,173	-	17,549	34,566
wages and benefits ed and general services		228,350	168,540	56,282	2,914,713	4,821,759	3,719,974
	6,375	105,688	73,898	174,916	445,198	1,036,075	1,044,811
	180,145	142,287	155,425	55,643	1,187,426	1,720,926	677,535
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities 181,241	1,241	197,201	61,422	73,242	965'06	603,702	488,591
Grants to individuals and organizations 380,009	600'0	1	8,547	23,684	43,877	456,117	442,069
Interest on long-term debt 66,974	6,974	52,603	7,927	1	7,723	135,227	85,347
Interest and bank charges	ı	ı	ı	•	1,275	1,275	1,381
Other .		•	1	•	477	477	101,962
Amortization	1	•	ı	•	863,507	863,507	799,340
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets 94,442	4,442	4,562	1	,	9,360	108,364	24,044
1,139,186	9,186	502,341	307,219	327,485	2,649,439	4,925,670	3,665,080
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before							
the undernoted 314,688		(273,991)	(138,679)	(271,203)	265,274	(103,911)	54,894
		249,890	•		106,897	401,394	2,014,150
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over							
359,295	9,295	(24,101)	(138,679)	(271,203)	372,171	297,483	2,069,044

Schedule 3 - Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus

	Unrestricted net assets	ta Reserves	Equity in tangible capital assets	2017	2	2016
Balance, beginning of year	<del>\$</del> '	6,116,407 \$ 21,462,860	21,462,860	\$ 27,579,267	\$ 25,510,223	0,223
Excess of revenues over expenses	297,483	•	•	297,483	2,069,044	9,044
Transferred from reserves	373,538	(373,538)	1	1		1
Acquisition of tangible capital assets internally funded	(1,990,573)	1	1,990,573	•		,
Acquisition of tangible capital assets funded from reserves	ı	(214,933)	214,933	•		1
Net book value of tangible capital assets disposed	511,699	•	(511,699)			1
Amortization of capital assets	863,507	t	(863,507)	1		ı
Principal payment on debenture debt - capital	(55,654)		55,654	•		,
Change in accumulated surplus	•	(588,471)	885,954	297,483	2,069,044	9,044
Balance, end of year	<b>€</b>		22,348,814	5,527,936 \$ 22,348,814 \$ 27,876,750	\$ 27,579,267	9,267

Schedule 4 - Schedule of Net Municipal Property Taxes

	Budget	2017	2016
Taxation:			
Real property tax	\$ 2,459,916	\$ 2,416,291	\$ 2,265,305
Requisitions:			
Alberta School Foundation Fund	579,713	579,713	546,393
Green Acres Foundation	29,266	29,266	26,765
	608,979	608,979	573,158
Net municipal property tax	\$ 1,850,937	\$ 1,807,312	\$ 1,692,147

Schedule 5 - Schedule of Expenses by Object

	Budget	 2017	 2016
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 1,092,212	\$ 1,036,075	\$ 1,044,811
Contracted and general services	1,070,406	1,720,926	677,535
Materials, goods and utilities	880,540	603,702	488,591
Transfers to local boards and agencies	483,936	456,117	442,069
Interest on long-term debt	140,789	135,227	85,347
Interest and bank charges	1,500	1,275	1,381
Other	2,550	477	101,962
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	(7,500)	108,364	24,044
Amortization	-	863,507	799,340
Total expenses by object	\$ 3,664,433	\$ 4,925,670	\$ 3,665,080

# TOWN OF COALHURST Schedule 6 - Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Engineered structures	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Construction in progress	2017	2016
						j			
Cost:									
Balance, beginning of year	1,996,185	71,835	3,649,177	23,999,357	1,689,219	1,704,741	279,452	33,389,966	29,762,115
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	•	•	165,499	126,004	104,807	26,401	1,782,795	2,205,506	3,671,027
Transfer	•	•	ī	1,485,559	1	•	(1,485,559)	Ī	Ĩ
Disposal of tangible capital assets	(405,195)	•	•	(152,854)	•	(26,805)	2	(584,854)	(43,176)
Balance, end of year	1,590,990	71,835	3,814,676	25,458,066	1,794,026	1,704,337	576,688	35,010,618	33,389,966
Accumulated amortization:									
Balance, beginning of year	•	28,030	2,679,113	6,339,933	585,756	879,246	•	10,512,078	9,731,420
Accumulated amortization on disposals	ŗ	•	•	(58,412)	ı	(14,743)	ţ	(73,155)	(18,682)
Amortization	•	2,873	102,202	567,013	97,980	93,439	•	863,507	799,340
Balance, end of year	-	30,903	2,781,315	6,848,534	683,736	957,942	,	11,302,430	10,512,078
Net book value of tangible capital assets	1,590,990	40,932	1,033,361	18,609,532	1,110,290	746,395	576,688	23,708,188	22,877,888
2016 Net book value of tangible capital assets	1,996,185	43,805	970,064	17,659,424	1,103,463	825,495	279,452	22,877,888	

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